BRILLION Publishing

RECENT

TWO VOLUME SET

ADVANCES IN

BIOTIC AND ABIOTIC STRESS

PLANT BREEDING

The use of biotechnology in incorporating abiotic stress tolerance in crop species depends on a better understanding of the physiology of stress tolerance, and the identification of specific genes determining tolerance to a specific stress. The complex in heritance of stress tolerance hinders the immediate impact of biotechnologists

introducing any novel genes. However, molecular markers may well serve in manipulating quantitatively inherited traits of stress tolerance physiological processes such as source sink relationships, translocation, and interrelations between plant parts, water status, hormonal levels and balance are crucial in determining a plants responses to stress. It is important to know the extent to which stress tolerance genes enhance the breath of adoption to stress, and whether they increase or decrease tolerance to stress. Abiotic stresses elevate levels of heat shock, cold or anaerobic

response proteins for long periods but the question remains will expression of response proteins ahead of stress really protect plants. Breeding for stress tolerance

Understanding abiotic stress factors such as temperature and drought tolerance and abiotic stress tolerance traits is an important factors on the crop productivity of crops. The present 2 volume book is an assemblage of scientific knowledge information

which is written by eminent researchers in their respective fields. Its describes related

methods for the creation, selection and fixation of superior plants in the development

of improved cultivars suited to the needs of growers and consumers. The present volumes will be highly useful for the researchers, agronomists, plant physiologists,

is hampered by the breeders capacity in selecting for stress tolerant.

biotechnologists and agriculturists to sustain the crop production.



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